ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

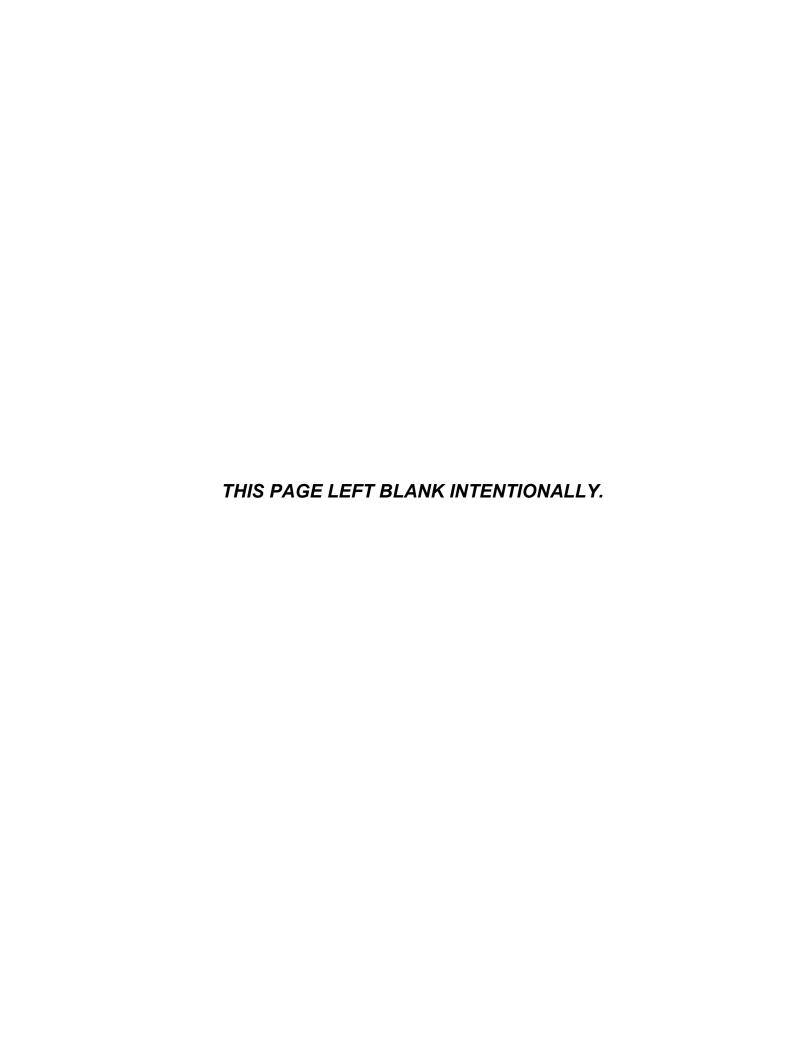


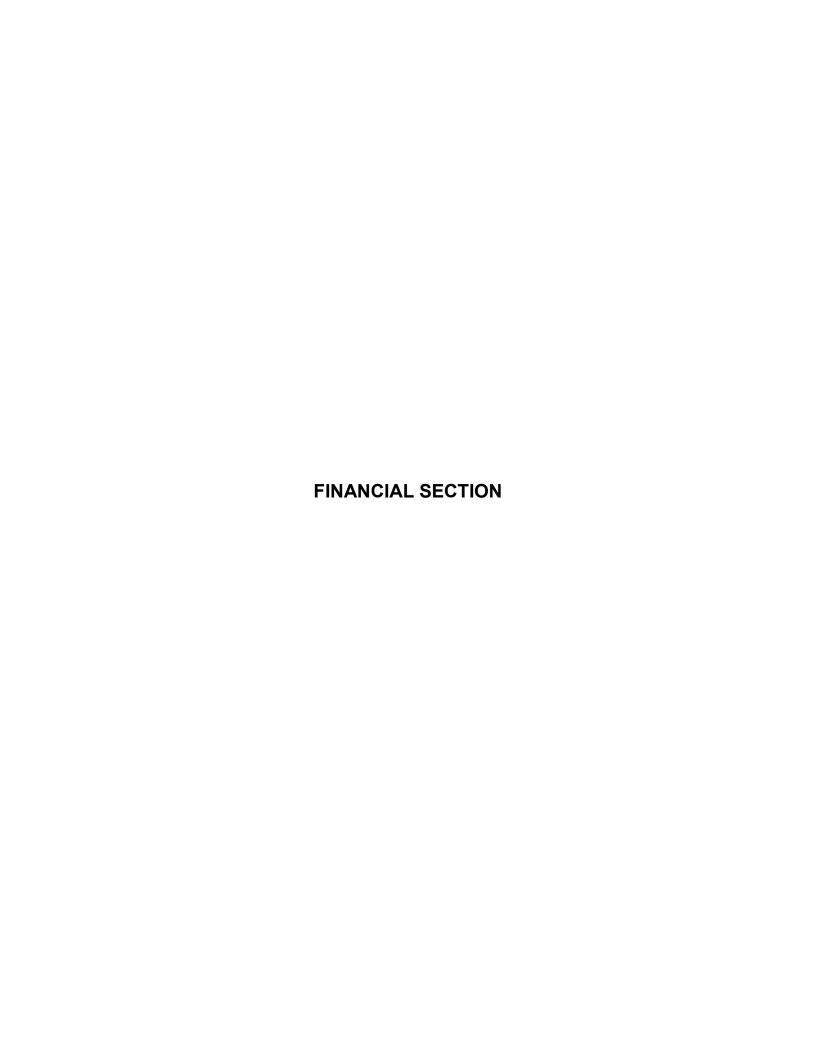
LAKE JACKSON, TEXAS 77566



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Varner Creek Utility District West Columbia, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Varner Creek Utility District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Board of Directors Varner Creek Utility District Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Board of Directors Varner Creek Utility District Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplemental information required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas April 17, 2024



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

As management of the Varner Creek Utility District (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. We encourage readers to consider this information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$ 1,864,293. Of this amount, \$ 617,836 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations.
- The District's total net position increased by \$ 690,650.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 1,975,306. 30.62% of this total amount, \$ 604,771 (unassigned fund balance) is available for use within the District's fund designation.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance for the general fund was \$ 613,932. Of this amount, \$ 9,161 is nonspendable leaving an unassigned fund balance of \$ 604,771. The unassigned fund balance represents 50.43% of current general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the four reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and water/sewer service revenues. The *governmental activities* of the District include service operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 19 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

 Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains three (3) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Fund; all of which are considered to be major funds.

The fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 23 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 26 through 40 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's budget and actual schedule for the General Fund. Required supplementary information can be found on page 42 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

In addition this report also presents supplementary information required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, which can be found on pages 44 through 59 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,864,293 at December 31, 2023.

Net position of \$ 379,761 reflects its balance in the net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, water production and distribution facilities, wastewater collection and treatment facilities, drainage facilities and right to use leased assets), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses capital assets to provide service to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending.

DISTRICT'S NET POSITION

Assats	2023	2022
Assets: Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 3,518,413 6,903,998	\$ 3,346,323 7,052,178
Total assets	10,422,411	<u>10,398,501</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	198,280	233,549
Liabilities: Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	307,380 <u>7,135,763</u>	296,919 7,840,250
Total liabilities	<u>7,443,143</u>	<u>8,137,169</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>1,313,255</u>	1,321,238
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	379,761 866,696 617,836	(151,829) 787,249 538,223
Total net position	\$ <u>1,864,293</u>	\$ <u>1,173,643</u>

An additional portion of the District's net position of \$ 866,696 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is \$ 617,836 and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Analysis of the District's Operations. Overall the District had an increase in net position of \$690,650.

Total revenues for governmental activities were \$ 2,327,632 comprised of program and general revenues. Components of revenues were charges for services of \$ 859,155 (36.91%), property taxes of \$ 1,412,412 (60.68%), and investment income of \$ 56,065 (2.41%).

The following table provides a summary of the District's operations for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

DISTRICT'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		2023		2022
Revenues:		_		
Program Revenues: Charges for services General Revenues:	\$	859,155	\$	928,517
Property taxes		1,412,412		1,222,274
Investment income		<u>56,065</u>	_	33,957
Total revenues	_	2,327,632	_	2,184,748
Expenses:				
Service operations		1,359,093		1,341,852
Interest and fiscal charges	_	277,889	_	296,778
Total expenses		1,636,982	_	1,638,630
Change in net position		690,650		546,118
Net position - beginning		1,173,643		627,525
Net position - ending	\$	1,864,293	\$_	1,173,643

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 1,975,306. 30.62% of this total amount \$604,771 constitutes unassigned fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is nonspendable or restricted to indicate that it is not available for spending because it has already been classified for 1) prepaid expenditures \$ 9,161, 2) debt service \$ 948,128, and 3) capital projects \$ 413,246.

The General Fund fund balance increased by \$ 72,031 during the current fiscal year due to an increase in water and sewer service revenues, tap connection and inspection fees, and investment income.

The Debt Service Fund fund balance increased by \$ 70,311 due to an increase in property tax revenues.

The Capital Projects Fund fund balance increased by \$ 10,552 during the current fiscal year due to investment income and a reduced need for capital expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original budget was amended throughout the year. Because actual revenues were more than budgetary revenues by \$ 47,147 and actual expenditures were more than budgetary estimates by \$ 59,142, the District's excess of expenditures over revenues was more than the budgeted amount by \$ 11,995.

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of December 31, 2023, amounts to \$ 6,903,998 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, water production and distribution facilities, waste water collection and treatment facilities, drainage facilities, right to use leased assets and construction in progress.

There were \$ 128,926 of capital additions during the current fiscal year.

Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization

		2023		2022
Land Water production and distribution facilities Waste water collection and treatment facilities Drainage facilities Right to use leased assets	\$	1,204,554 1,598,825 2,793,612 1,173,543 97,464	\$	1,204,554 1,688,184 2,911,519 1,219,921
Construction in progress	_	36,000	_	28,000
Net capital assets	\$	<u>6,903,998</u>	\$	<u>7,052,178</u>

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on page 37 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Debt Administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had a total bonded debt of \$ 6,805,000. These bonds will be retired with revenues from property taxes.

Bonds Payable and Components of Debt

	 2023		2022
General obligation bonds Lease liability Premium on bonds	\$ 6,805,000 78,774 251,989	\$	7,545,000 - 292,250
Total	\$ 7,135,763	\$_	7,840,250

All of the outstanding Bonds of the District payable from its limited taxes are insured and are, therefore, rated "Baa1" by Moody's Ratings ("Moody's"), and "AA" by Standard & Poor's ("S&P").

Additional information of the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 on pages 38 through 40.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The District's total 2024 budgeted revenues and expenses are expected to be consistent overall with the previous year at \$ 1,250,000.
- The District expects some growth of operations in 2024 as houses continue being built within the District and the major capital improvement projects for the wastewater system are completed.
- Debt service expenditures are expected to be \$ 765,000 for principal and \$ 267,825 for interest in 2024.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Varner Creek Utility District, P.O. Box 265, West Columbia, TX 77486, or call (979) 345-6008.



Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

		Governmental Activities
ASSETS:	_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,058,217
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Taxes		378,510
Service accounts		635
Due from other governments		54,550
Other		17,340
Prepaid expenses		9,161
Capital Assets:		
Land		1,204,554
Water production and distribution facilities (net)		1,598,825
Waste water collection and treatment facilities (net)		2,793,612
Drainage facilities (net) Right to use leased assets (net)		1,173,543 97,464
Construction in progress		36,00 <u>0</u>
· ·	-	-
Total assets	-	10,422,411
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred outflows of resources	-	198,280
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	198,280
LIABILITIES: Accounts and accrued liabilities payable		201,688
Accrued interest payable		101,260
Unearned revenue		4,432
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Due within one year		824,307
Due in more than one year	-	6,311,456
Total liabilities	-	7,443,143
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred inflows of resources	-	1,313,255
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	1,313,255
NET POSITION: Net investment in capital assets		379,761
Restricted For:		313,101
Debt service		866,696
Unrestricted	_	617,836
Total net position	\$_	1,864,293

Total

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities For the Year December 31, 2023

Functions/Programs Governmental Activities:	Expenses	Program Revenues Charges For Services	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes In Net Position Governmental Activities
Service operations	\$ 1,359,093	\$ 859,155	\$(499,938)
Interest and fiscal charges	277,889	ψ 000,100	(277,889)
morest and need ondiges			(277,000)
Total governmental activities	\$ <u>1,636,982</u>	\$859,155	(777,827)
General Revenues: Property taxes Investment income			1,412,412 56,065
Total general revenues			1,468,477
Change in net position			690,650
Net position - beginning			1,173,643
Net position - ending			\$ <u>1,864,293</u>

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

		General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund	_	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	1,577,209	\$	1,139,532	\$	341,476	\$	3,058,217
Taxes Service accounts		83,165 635		295,345 -		-		378,510 635
Standby fees Due from other governments		7,163 12,215		42,335		-		7,163 54,550
Other Due from other funds		10,177		509,958		71,770		10,177 581,728
Prepaid expenditures		9,161	_	-	_	<u>-</u>	-	9,161
Total assets	\$	1,699,725	\$_	1,987,170	\$_	413,246	\$_	4,100,141
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RES	OUR	CES AND FUND	BAL	ANCE				
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable	\$	106,909	\$	-	\$	-	\$	106,909
Due to other funds Customer deposits		581,728 94,779		-		-		581,728 94,779
Unearned revenue		4,432	_	-	_	-	-	4,432
Total liabilities	_	787,848	_		_	_	_	787,848
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources-property tax	es	297,945		1,039,042	_		_	1,336,987
Total deferred inflows of resources		297,945	_	1,039,042	_	<u>-</u>	_	1,336,987
Fund Balance: Nonspendable:								
Prepaid expenditures Restricted:		9,161		-		-		9,161
Debt service		-		948,128		-		948,128
Capital projects Unassigned		604,771	_		_	413,246	_	413,246 604,771
Total fund balance		613,932	_	948,128	_	413,246	_	1,975,306
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	1,699,725	\$	1,987,170	\$_	413,246	\$_	4,100,141

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

Total fund balance - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	1,975,306
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Capital assets include \$ 14,611,754 in assets less \$ 7,707,756 in accumulated depreciation.		6,903,998
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for the current period expenditures are unearned in the funds. Unearned property tax revenues for the general fund and the debt service fund amounted to \$ 3,904 and \$ 19,828, respectively.		23,732
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current year expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. This is the bond refunding costs, which is amortized over the life of the refunding bonds, or the refunded bonds, whichever is shorter. Net bond refunding costs were \$ 198,280 (bond refunding costs of \$ 440,718 less accumulated amortization of \$ 242,438)		198,280
Premium on the issuance of bonds provide current financial resources to governmental funds but the proceeds decrease long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This amount is amortized over the life of the bonds. Net premium on the issuance of bonds was \$ 251,989. (Premium on bonds issued of \$ 542,094 less accumulated amortization of \$ 290,105).	(251,989)
Payables for bond principal are not reported in the funds	(6,805,000)
Payabales for leases are not reported in the funds.	(78,774)
Payables for bond interest are not reported in the funds.	<u>(</u>	101,260)
Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position.	\$	1,864,293

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total Governmental Funds
Revenue:								
Property taxes	\$	290,479	\$	1,113,607	\$	-	\$	1,404,086
Water service		408,712		-		-		408,712
Sewer service		364,898		-		-		364,898
Standby fees		695		-		-		695
Tap connection and inspection fees		84,850		-		-		84,850
Investment income		37,513	_	_	_	18,552	-	56,065
Total revenues		1,187,147	_	1,113,607	_	18,552	-	2,319,306
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Purchased services		263,961		-		-		263,961
Professional fees		32,421		-		-		32,421
Contracted services		92,314		8,271		-		100,585
Utilities		30,037		-		-		30,037
Repairs and maintenance		575,831		-		-		575,831
Administrative		77,652		1,500		-		79,152
Capital Outlay		120,926		-		8,000		128,926
Debt Service:				- 40 000				
Principal		5,252		740,000		-		745,252
Interest and fiscal charges		748		293,525	_	-	-	294,273
Total expenditures		1,199,142	_	1,043,296	_	10,552	-	2,250,438
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditure	es (11,995)	_	70,311	_	8,000	-	68,868
Other Financing Sources:								
Issuance of right to use leased assets		84,026		-		<u>-</u>	-	84,026
Total other financing sources		84,026					_	84,026
Net change in fund balance		72,031		70,311		10,552		152,894
Fund balance - beginning		541,901	_	877,817		402,694	-	1,822,412
Fund balance - ending	\$	613,932	\$	948,128	\$	413,246	\$	1,975,306

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Governmental Activities Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	152,894
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The amount by which depreciation/amortization of \$ 277,106 exceeded capital outlay by \$ 128,926 in the current period.	(148,180)
Property tax revenues in the governmental activities statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. Unearned property tax revenues for the general fund increased by \$ 1,964 and the debt service fund increased by \$ 6,362.		8,326
Long-term debt issuances provided other financial resources to government funds, but issuing debt Increases long-term liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Long-term debt issuances from leases were \$ 84,026.	(84,026)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. These amounts were for general obligation bonded debt of \$ 740,000 and lease liability of \$ 5,252.		745,252
Premium on the issuance of bonds provides current financial resources to the governmental funds but the proceeds decrease long-term assets in the statement of net position. This amount is amortized over the life of the bonds. Net premium on the issuance of bonds was \$43,261 (Premiums on bonds issued of \$-0- less current amortization of \$43,261).		43,261
Deferred refunding costs is another use in the governmental funds, but the costs increase long-term assets in the statement of net position. This amount is amortized over the life of the refunding bonds or the refunded bonds, whichever is shorter. Current amortization was \$ 35,269.	(35,269)
Some expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the change in accrued interest on long-term debt.		8,392
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	690,650



Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

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12	Evaluation of Subsequent Events	40

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Varner Creek Utility District (the "District") was created by enactment of the Legislature of the State of Texas in 1971. This District operates under Chapter 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ"). The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate waterworks, wastewater and drainage facilities and to provide such facilities and service to the customers of the District. In 2006, the District was granted the power to repair or maintain streets on a one time basis.

The accounting and reporting policies of the District relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled <u>Audits of State</u> And Local Governmental Units and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable).

Reporting Entity

The Board of the District is elected by the public; has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers; significantly influence operations; and has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report financial information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The District does not have any fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues from property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pools, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year or less at time of purchase. External investment pools are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first and the unrestricted resources as needed.

The District has presented the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and other costs. The primary source of revenue is property taxes.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the financial resources to construct or acquire capital facilities and improvements. Such resources are derived principally from proceeds of the sale of bonds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

New Pronouncements

GASB issues statements on a routine basis with the intent to provide authoritative guidance on the preparation of financial statements and to improve governmental accounting and financial reporting of governmental entities. Management reviews these statements to ensure that preparation of its financial statements are in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to anticipate changes in those requirements. The following recent GASB Statements reflect the action and consideration of management regarding these requirements:

GASB Statement No. 94 "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements" was issued in March 2020. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 96 "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" was issued in May 2020. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 99 "Omnibus 2022" was issued in April 2022. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 100 "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment to GASB Statement No. 62" was issued in June 2022. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 101 "Compensated Absences" was issued in June 2022. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

Budgetary Data

The original annual appropriated budgets are adopted by the Board of Directors in December of the preceding year. Expenses are budgeted substantially on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Tax collections are budgeted based upon 100% of the tax levied in October of the year preceding the budget year (i.e. 2023 budgeted tax revenue is based upon the October, 2022 tax levy). Accordingly there are no material differences between the financial reporting and budget basis of accounting.

Once the budget is adopted, expenditures may not legally exceed total appropriations at the fund level without approval of a majority of the Board. Line item and department budgets may exceed appropriated amounts at the discretion of management as long as total expenditures for the fund do not exceed appropriated amounts. Appropriations not exercised in the current year lapse at the end of the year.

The District adopts annual budgets for the general fund only.

Encumbrance Accounting

The District does not employ a complete purchase order system for all expenditures and therefore does not utilize encumbrance accounting. Appropriations generally lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits and short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the District. In accordance with GASB Statement 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", investments are stated at fair value.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the taxable value listed as of January 1 for all real and business property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are past due and subject to interest if not paid by February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed.

The appraisal and recording of all property within the District is the responsibility of the Brazoria County Appraisal District (BCAD), an independent governmental unit with a board of directors appointed by the taxing jurisdictions within the county and funded from assessments against those taxing jurisdictions. BCAD is required by law to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Real property must be reappraised at least every two years. Under certain circumstances taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may challenge orders of the BCAD Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

In the government funds, property taxes are measurable when levied even though not available. As a result, at December 31, 2023, property taxes receivable and taxes collected in advance have been recorded in the governmental funds. In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

The taxable value of the property tax roll on October 1, 2023, upon which the levy for the 2024 year was based, was \$ 337,334,681. Taxes are delinquent if not paid by June 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to penalty and interest charges plus 20% delinquent collection fees for attorney costs.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended December 31, 2023, to finance general fund operations were \$ 0.087322 per \$ 100 valuation and \$ 0.302678 for the debt service fund.

As of December 31, 2023, the District had collected \$ 960,555 of the 2023 levy (levied October 1, 2023), which is unearned and has been set aside for 2024 operations. Additionally, property taxes receivable of \$ 352,700 and \$ 29,633 from the 2023 levy and prior year levies, respectively, are recorded as deferred inflows of resources, net of an allowance for uncollectible taxes of \$ 3,823. Allowances for uncollectible taxes are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Standby Fees

In the governmental funds, standby fees are recorded when billed with the uncollected balance recorded as a receivable. Revenues are recorded as levied. In the government-wide statement of net position, standby fees are considered earned in the period they are levied.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statement. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Donated assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$ 5,000 or more and over one year of useful life. Depreciation/amortization, which is an allocation of cost over an asset's estimated service life, has been determined using the straight-line method over the following years:

Water production and distribution facilities	10-45
Waste water collection and treatment facilities	10-45
Drainage facilities	10-45
Right to use leased assets	5

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources is provided by GASB No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position". Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. Further, GASB No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities", had an objective to either (a) properly classify certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources or (b) recognize certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources (expenses or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues).

Leases

The District is a lessee for a noncancellable lease of a building. The District recognizes a lease liability and a right to use leased asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$ 5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Leases - Continued

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest
 rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental
 borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the
 measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price
 that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long- term debt on the statement of net position.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are unearned and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses in the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing resources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

The Board of Directors meets on a regular basis to manage and review cash financial activities and to ensure compliance with established policies. The District's Unassigned General Fund Balance is maintained to provide the District with sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The unassigned General Fund Balance may only be appropriated by resolution of the Board of Directors. Fund Balance of the District may be committed for a specific source by formal action of the Board of Directors. Amendments or modifications of the committed fund balance must also be approved by formal action by the Board of Directors. When it is appropriate for fund balance to be assigned, the Board of Directors has delegated authority to the Contract Administrator. In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Nonspendable Fund Balance - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact. This classification includes inventories, prepaid amounts, assets held for sale, and long-term receivables.

Restricted Fund Balance - Constraints placed on the use of these resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through covenants), grantors, contributors or other governments; or are imposed by law (through constitutional provisions enabling legislation).

Committed Fund Balance - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes because of a board resolution by the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned Fund Balance - Amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the Board of Directors or by the contract administrator to whom that authority has been given. With the exception of the General Fund, this is the residual fund balance classification for all government funds with positive balances.

Unassigned Fund Balance - This is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification, as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

As of December 31, 2023, nonspendable fund balances include \$ 9,161 for prepaid expenditures in the general fund. Restricted fund balances include \$ 948,128 for debt service and \$ 413,246 for capital projects. Unassigned fund balance includes \$ 604,771 in the general fund.

Net Position

Net position represents the differences between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Restricted net position, as presented in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, are reported when constraints placed on the use of net position are either 1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments), or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District classifies deposits and investments for financial statement purposes as cash and cash equivalents, and investments based upon both liquidity (demand deposits) and maturity date (deposits and investments) of the asset at the date of purchase. For this purpose a cash equivalent is one that, when purchased had a maturity date of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents as reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

		Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Financial institution deposits:		
Demand deposits	\$	138,184
Local Government Investment Pool:		
Texpool		2,920,033
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$_	3,058,217

Deposits

All deposits with financial institutions must be collateralized in an amount equal to 100 percent of uninsured balances. At December 31, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits totaled \$ 138,184, while the financial institution balances totaled \$ 162,657. Of the financial institution balances, \$ 162,657 of the checking accounts was FDIC insured.

Investments

Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (the Public Funds Investment Act) authorizes the District to invest its funds under written investment policy (the "investment policy") that primarily emphasizes safety of principal and liquidity, addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity and addresses the quality and capability of investment personnel. This investment policy defines what constitutes the legal list of investments allowed under the policies, which excludes certain instruments allowed under chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

The District's deposits and investments are invested pursuant to the investment policy, which is approved by the Board of Directors. The investment policy includes lists of authorized investment instruments and allowable stated maturity of individual investments. In addition it includes an "Investment Strategy Statement" that specifically addresses each investment option and describes the priorities of suitability of investment type, preservation and safety of principal, liquidity, marketability, diversification and yield.

Additionally, the soundness of financial institutions (including broker/dealers) in which the District will deposit funds is addressed. The District's investment policy and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA) and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The District's management believes it complied with the requirements of the PFIA and the District's investment policy.

The District's Administrator submits an investment report each quarter to the Board of Directors. The report details the investment positions of the District and the compliance of the investment portfolio's as they relate to both the adopted investment strategy statements and Texas State law.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

<u>Investments</u> - Continued

The District is authorized to invest in the following investment instruments provided that they meet the guidelines of the investment policy:

- 1. Obligations, including letters of credit, of the U.S. or its agencies and instrumentalities.
- Certificates of deposit issued by a depository institution that has its main or a branch office in the State and that are guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Share insurance Fund or its successor that are secured by the obligations in which the Association may invest under the Investment Act.
- 3. TexPool, an investment pool, provided that it complies with the Investment Act.
- 4. TexStar, an investment pool, provided that it complies with the Investment Act.

The District invests in TexPool to provide its liquidity needs. TexPool was established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Code. TexPool is a 2(a)7 like fund, meaning that it is structured similar to a money market mutual fund. Such funds allow shareholders the ability to deposit or withdraw funds on a daily basis. Interest rates are also adjusted on a daily basis. Such funds seek to maintain a constant net asset value of \$ 1.00, although this cannot be fully guaranteed. TexPool is rated AAA and must maintain a dollar weighted average maturity not to exceed 60 days, which is the limit. At December 31, 2023 TexPool had a weighted average maturity of 39 days. Although TexPool portfolios had a weighted average maturity of 39 days, the District considers holdings in these funds to have a one day weighted average maturity. This is due to the fact that the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholder, unless there has been a significant change in value.

As of December 31, 2023, the District had the following investments:

	Weighted Average
Investment Type Local Government Investment Pool:	<u>Fair Value</u> <u>Maturity (Days)</u>
Texpool	\$ <u>2,920,033</u> 39
Total	\$ 2.920,033 39

Credit Risk - As of December 31, 2023, TexPool (which represents 100.00% of the investment portfolio) is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's; therefore, the District is exposed to minimal credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk - As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the Investment Policy requires that investment maturities of the general fund, debt service fund and capital projects fund not exceed one year.

Fair Value - The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GASB No 72. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). As of December 31, 2023, the District had no assets or liabilities within the fair value hierarchy established by GASB No. 72.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUES

Receivables and Allowances

Receivables as of December 31, 2023, for the District, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Debt	
	General	Service	
	Fund	Fund	Total
Receivables:			
Property taxes	\$ 84,005	\$ 298,328	\$ 382,333
Service accounts	635	-	635
Standby fees	20,813	-	20,813
Due from other governments	12,215	42,335	54,550
Other	10,177		10,177
Gross receivables	127,845	340,663	468,508
Less Allowance for Uncollectibles			
Property taxes	840	2,983	3,823
Standby fees	13,650	_	13,650
Net total receivable	\$ <u>113,355</u>	\$ <u>337,680</u>	\$ <u>451,035</u>

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Unearned Revenues

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds defer the recognition of revenue in connection with receivables that are considered to be unavailable to liquidate liabilities of the current period and report these amounts as deferred inflows of resources. Governmental funds also defer the revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a liability (unearned revenue).

As of December 31, 2023, the various components of deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

		General Fund	_	Debt Service Fund		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Current property taxes collected (October 1, 2023 Levy) Current property taxes receivable (October 1, 2023 Levy) Delinquent property taxes receivable (October 1, 2022	\$	215,071 78,970	\$	745,484 273,730	\$	960,555 352,700
and prior)		3,904	_	19,828	_	23,732
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$_	297,945	\$_	1,039,042	\$_	1,336,987

As of December 31, 2023, there were \$4,432 unearned revenues reported in the governmental funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUES - Continued

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a deferred inflow of resources. Further, for governmental activities, like governmental funds, defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a liability (unearned revenue).

As of December 31, 2023, the various components of deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental activities were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Οι	Deferred utflows of esources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Bond refunding costs (net of accumulated amortization) Current property taxes collected (October 1, 2023 Levy) Current property taxes receivable (October 1, 2023 Levy)	\$	198,280 - -	\$ _	960,555 352,700
	\$	198,280	\$_	1,313,255

As of December 31, 2023, there were \$ 4,432 unearned revenues reported in the governmental activities.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables at December 31, 2023 were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 12-31-23		
Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund	General Fund General Fund	\$ 509,958 71,770		
Total		\$ 581.728		

Interfund receivables and payables represent short term borrowing primarily for cash flow purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

		Balance 01-01-23		Additions	Transfers/ Retirements		Balance 12-31-23
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated, Amortized:						_	
Land	\$	1,204,554	\$	_	\$ -	\$	1,204,554
Construction in progress	_	28,000	_	8,000	<u>-</u>		36,000
Total capital assets, not being							
Depreciated/amortized		1,232,554	_	8,000		-	1,240,554
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Ame Water production and distribution	ortiz	zed:					
facilities		3,832,625		_	-		3,832,625
Wastewater collection and		-,,-					-,,-
treatment facilities		6,615,692		-	-		6,615,692
Drainage facilities		2,801,957		16,500	-		2,818,457
Right to use leased assets	_		_	104,426			104,426
Total capital assets, being							
Depreciated/amortized		13,250,274	_	120,926			13,371,200
Less Accumulated Depreciation/							
Amortization For:							
Waste production and distribution							
facilities		2,144,441		89,359	-		2,233,800
Wastewater collection and		, ,		•			, ,
treatment facilities		3,704,173		117,907	-		3,822,080
Drainage facilities		1,582,036		62,878	-		1,644,914
Right to use leased assets	_	<u>-</u>	_	6,962			6,962
Total accumulated depreciation/							
Total accumulated depreciation/ amortization		7,430,650		277,106			7,707,756
			_			-	
Governmental activities capital	φ	7 050 170	ተ /	140 400\	Ф	φ	6 002 000
assets, net	\$_	7,052,178	\$ <u>(</u>	<u>148,180</u>)	Φ	\$	6,903,998

Depreciation expense of \$ 277,106 was charged to governmental activities in 2023.

The District had no existing contract commitments for construction as of December 31, 2023.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

General Long-Term Debt

General long-term debt consists of general obligation bonds maturing serially.

The following is a summary of the District's general obligation bond debt at December 31, 2023:

			Series Dates		Bonds
	Interest Rates %	Issued	Maturity	Callable	Outstanding 12/31/23
General Obligation Bonds	2.00 -	133464	watanty	Canabic	12/01/20
Series 2017 Refunding	4.00	2018	2029	N/A	\$ 3,815,000
General Obligation Bonds	3.00 -				
Series 2018	4.00	2018	2039	N/A	2,990,000
					\$ <u>6,805,000</u>

General obligation bond transactions for the year ended December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Bonds outstanding, December 31, 2022	\$	7,545,000
Maturities	<u>(</u> _	<u>740,000</u>)
Bonds outstanding, December 31, 2023	\$	6,805,000

Presented below is a summary of general obligation bond requirements to maturity:

Year EndedDecember 31,		<u>Principal</u>	 Interest		Total
2024	\$	765,000	\$ 267,825	\$	1,032,825
2025		805,000	238,625		1,043,625
2026		840,000	207,875		1,047,875
2027		880,000	175,025		1,055,025
2028		920,000	140,600		1,060,600
2029-2033		1,260,000	392,200		1,652,200
2034-2038		1,090,000	183.200		1,273,200
2039	_	245,000	 9,800	_	254,800
Total	\$	6,805,000	\$ 1,615,150	\$_	8,420,150

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Changes in Outstanding Debt

Transactions for the year ended December 31, 2023 are summarized as follows:

		Balance 1-01-23		Additions	_ <u>R</u>	eductions		Balance 12-31-23	_	Oue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:	_		_		_		_		_	
General obligation bonds	\$	7,545,000	\$	-	\$	740,000	\$	6,805,000	\$	765,000
Lease liability		-		84,026		5,252		78,774		16,045
Premium on bonds	_	295,250	_			43,261	_	251,989	_	43,262
Total governmental activities	\$_	7,840,250	\$_	84,026	\$_	788,513	\$_	7,135,763	\$_	824,307

NOTE 7 - LEASES

In 2023, the District entered a five year lease agreement for the lease of a building, Based on this agreement, the District is required to make monthly payments of \$ 1,500. There are no renewal options included in this lease agreement and the District will not purchase the building at the end of the lease term. An initial lease liability related to copiers was recorded in the amount of \$ 84,026 using a 2.736% discount rate. As of December 31, 2023, the lease liability was \$ 78,774 and the value of the right to use leased asset was \$ 104,426 with accumulated amortization of \$ 6,962.

The future principal and interest lease payments for governmental activities as of December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending <u>December 31,</u>	<u>P</u>	rincipal	lr	nterest	Req	Total <u>uirements</u>
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028	\$	16,045 16,489 16,946 17,416 11,878	\$	1,955 1,511 1,054 584 122	\$	18,000 18,000 18,000 18,000 12,000
Totals	\$	78,774	\$	5,226	\$	84,000

NOTE 8 - GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

The District is within the boundaries of the Brazoria County Groundwater Conservation District (the Conservation District). The Conservation District regulates groundwater withdrawal. As of December 31, 2023, the Conservation District was billing the District \$ 0.03 per 1,000 gallons of water pumped from its wells. This amount is subject to future increases.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

NOTE 9 - OPERATION OF REGIONAL FACILITIES

On December 10, 1975, the District entered into an agreement with the City of West Columbia (the "City") to share the costs of constructing and operating a wastewater treatment plant within the City. The City has oversight responsibilities and holds title for the benefit of the participants. Construction costs were shared based on pro rata share of capacity acquired. The District acquired 50 percent or 500,000 gallons per day of a total 1,000,000 gallons-per-day capacity.

On November 18, 1987, the District and the City agreed to expand the plant's capacity from 1,000,000 gallons per day to 1,600,000 gallons per day, and to extend the agreement for a 30-year period. The District's expanded capacity is 650,000 gallons per day or 40.625 percent ownership of total capacity.

The operating costs are shared based on the percentage of the plant's capacity used. During the current year, the District incurred operating costs of \$ 217,111 under the terms of this contract.

NOTE 10 - RISK POOL PARTICIPATION

The District is a participant in the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool for coverage of group liability, property and worker's compensation claims. The District pays annual premiums to the pool for the coverages stated. The agreement with the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool requires the pool to be self-sustaining. Therefore, the District's exposure for claims is designated to be limited to their deductible.

NOTE 11 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the District incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations in the general fund of \$59,142.

NOTE 12 - EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

This District has evaluated subsequent events through April 17, 2024, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	 Budgeted	d Amo	ounts			Variance Favorable
	Original		Final	Actual	_	(Unfavorable)
Revenues: Property taxes Water service Sewer service Standby fees Tap connection and inspection fees Investment income	\$ 285,000 388,800 360,000 2,000 31,200 8,000	\$	285,000 388,800 360,000 2,000 66,200 38,000	\$ 290,479 408,712 364,898 695 84,850 37,513	\$ (5,479 19,912 4,898 1,305) 18,650 487)
Total revenues	 1,075,000	_	1,140,000	 1,187,147	_	47,147
Expenditures:						
Current: Purchased services Professional fees Contracted services Utilities Repairs and maintenance Administrative Capital outlay Dent Service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	 269,820 53,000 89,000 27,000 592,130 44,050 - - - 1,075,000		269,820 53,500 90,000 27,000 594,630 105,050 - - - 1,140,000	 263,961 32,421 92,314 30,037 575,831 77,652 120,926 5,252 748 1,199,142		5,859 21,079 2,314) 3,037) 18,799 27,398 120,926) 5,252) 748) 59,142)
Other Financing Sources:						
Issuance of right to use leased assets	 			84,026	_	84,026
Total other financing sources	 -	_	<u>-</u>	 84,026	_	84,026
Net change in fund balance	-		-	72,031		72,031
Fund balance - beginning	 541,901	_	541,901	 541,901	_	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 541,901	\$	541,901	\$ 613,932	\$_	72,031

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

TSI-1 - Services and Rates For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1.	Services	Provided	by the	District:
----	----------	----------	--------	-----------

×	Retail Water		Wholesale Water	×	Drainage	
×	Retail Wastewater		Wholesale Wastewater		Irrigation	
	Parks/Recreation		Fire Protection		Security	
	Solid Waste/Garbage		Flood Control	×	Roads	
×	Participates in joint venture, reginterconnect)	onal	system and/or wastewater service	e (c	other than	Emergency
	Other (specify):					

2. Retail Service Providers

a. Retail rates for a 5/8" meter (or equivalent):

	Minin Cha		Minimum Usage	Flat Rate Y/N	Rate per Gallo <u>Over Mir</u>	ns	Usage Levels
Water	\$	13.50	2,000	Υ	\$	3.63	2,000 to No Limit
Wastewater	\$	13.50	2,000	Y		3.63 0.31	2,000-10,000 10,001 to No Limit

Regional Water Fee \$ -0-

Does the District employ winter averaging for wastewater usage? No

Total charges per 10,000 gallons usage (including fees): Water \$ 42.54 Wastewater \$ 42.54

b. Water and wastewater retail connections:

	Total Connections	Active Connections	ESFC Factor	Active EFSC
Less than or equal to 3/4"	1,222	1,206	X 1.0	1,206
1"	25	25	X 2.5	63
1.5"	7	7	X 5.0	35
2"	5	5	X 8.0	40
3"	1	0	X 15.0	0
Total Water	1,265	1,248		1,248
Total Wastewater	1,222	1,182	X 1.0	1,182

TSI-1 - Services and Rates - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

3.	Total water consumption (in thousands) during the fiscal year: Gallons pumped into the system: Gallons billed to customers: Water accountability ratio (gallons billed/gallons pumped):	97,623 87,320 89.45%
4.	Standby Fees (authorized only under TWC Section 49.231):	
	Does the District have Debt Service standby fees: Yes NoX	_
	If yes, date of the most recent Commission Order:	_
	Does the District have Operation and Maintenance standby fees: Yes No_X	_
	If yes, date of the most recent Commission Order:	_
5.	Location of District:	
	County(ies) in which District is located. Brazoria	_
	Is the District located entirely within one county? YesX No	_
	Is the District located within a city? Entirely Partly Not at all X	_
	City(ies) in which District is located.	
	Is the District located within a city's extra territorial jurisdiction (ETJ)? Entirely Partly_X Not at all	
	ETJ's in which District is located. West Columbia	
	Are Board members appointed by an office outside the District? Yes NoX	
	If Yes, by whom?	

TSI-2 - General Fund Expenditures For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Purchased services for resale	\$ 263,961
Professional fees: Auditing Legal Engineering	13,500 8,703 10,218
Contracted services: Service account billing and collection Bookkeeping	51,312 41,002
Utilities	30,037
Repairs and maintenance	575,831
Administrative: Water meter cell service Merchant fees Payroll taxes Director's fees Office expenses Insurance Miscellaneous	13,994 283 3,131 45,539 3,904 8,192 2,609
Capital outlay	120,926
Debt Service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	 5,252 748
Total expenditures	\$ <u>1,199,142</u>

Number of persons employed by the District: -0- Full-Time, -0- Part-Time

TSI-3 - Schedule of Investments December 31, 2023

	Identification or				Accrued Interest
	Certification Number	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End	Receivable at End of Year
<u>General Fund</u> Texpool	20120001	5.384%	Demand	\$ <u>1,137,161</u>	
Total				1,137,161	
Debt Service Fund Texpool	2012000010	5.384%	Demand	1,445,934	
Total				1,445,934	
Capital Projects Fund Texpool Texpool	201200002 201200009	5.384% 5.384%	Demand Demand	7,632 329,306	<u>-</u>
Total				336,938	=
Total - All Funds				\$ <u>2,920,033</u>	\$ <u> </u>

TSI-4 - Taxes Levied and Receivable December 31, 2023

		Maintenance Taxes		Debt Service Taxes				
Taxes Receivable, Beginning of Year	\$	76,829	\$	299,452				
2023 Original Tax Levy, net of current year adjustments Adjustments (prior years)		294,041 <u>678</u>)	<u>(</u>	1,019,214 2,589)				
Total to be accounted for	_	370,192	_	1,316,077				
Tax Collections: Current year Prior years	_	215,071 71,116	_	745,484 272,265				
Total collections		286,187		1,017,749				
Taxes Receivable, End of Year	\$_	84,005	\$_	298,328				
Taxes Receivable, By Years 2023 Prior years Less allowance for uncollectibles	\$	78,970 5,035 840)	\$	273,730 24,598 2,983)				
Taxes Receivable (Net), End of Year	\$_	<u>83,165</u>	\$_	<u>295,345</u>				
		2023		2022	_	2021	_	2020
Property Valuations: Land Improvements Personal property & minerals Exemptions & adjustments Total Property Valuations	\$ 	77,082,932 300,504,661 5,794,890 46,047,802) 337,334,681	\$ \$_	68,621,547 220,050,583 4,397,170 17,816,219) 275,253,081	\$ \$_	29,648,020 185,940,980 4,004,160 9,637,810) 209,955,350	\$ 	32,121,411 182,698,173 3,868,210 9,886,735) 208,801,059
Tax Rates Per \$100 Valuation: Debt service tax rates Maintenance tax rates Other district tax rates		0.087322 0.302678 None		0.380000 0.100000 <u>None</u>	_	0.450000 0.080000 <u>None</u>	_	0.490000 0.080000 <u>None</u>
Total Tax Rates Per \$100 Valuation	\$_	0.390000	\$_	0.480000	\$_	0.530000	\$_	0.570000
Original Tax Levy:	\$_	1,313,255	\$_	1,321,238	\$_	1,212,745	\$_	1,192,418
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied*		73.14%		99.00%		99.50%		99.82%

^{*} Calculated as taxes collected in current and previous years divided by tax levy.



TSI-5 - Schedule of Long-Term Debt Service Requirements by Years December 31, 2023

		Series 2017 Refund	ing		Series 2018	
Due During	Principal	Interest Due		Principal	Interest Due	
Fiscal Years Ending	Due	February 15,		Due	February 15,	_
December 31,	August 15	August 15	Total	August 15	August 15	Total
2024	\$ 625,000) \$ 152,600	\$ 777.600	\$ 140,000	\$ 115,225	\$ 255,225
2025	660,000	' '	787,600	145,000		256,025
2026	,	,	•	,		•
	690,000	·	791,200	150,000	•	256,675
2027	725,000	•	798,600	155,000	,	256,425
2028	760,000	44,600	804,600	160,000	96,000	256,000
2029	355,000	14,200	369,200	170,000	89,600	259,600
2030			-	175,000	82,800	257,800
2031			-	180,000	75,800	255,800
2032		-	-	185,000	·	253,600
2033		-	-	195,000	,	256,200
2034		-	-	200,000	•	253,400
2035			-	210,000	,	255,400
2036		-	-	220,000	37,000	257,000
2037			-	225,000	,	253,200
2038		-	-	235,000	·	254,200
2039		<u> </u>	_	245,000	9,800	254,800
Totals	\$3,815,000	513,800	\$4,328,800	\$2,990,000	\$1,101,350	\$4,091,350
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	Annual	Re	quirements for Al	l Se	eries
	Principal		Interest Due		
	Due		February 15,		
	August 15		August 15		Total
\$	765,000	\$	267,825	\$	1,032,825
	805,000		238,625		1,043,625
	840,000		207,875		1,047,875
	880,000		175,025		1,055,025
	920,000		140,600		1,060,600
	525,000		103,800		628,800
	175,000		82,800		257,800
	180,000		75,800		255,800
	185,000		68,600		253,600
	195,000		61,200		256,200
	200,000		53,400		253,400
	210,000		45,400		255,400
	220,000		37,000		257,000
	225,000		28,200		253,200
	235,000		19,200		254,200
	245,000		9,800		254,800
_	2 : 3,300	-	3,300	_	20 1,000
\$_	6,805,000	\$_	1,615,150	\$_	8,420,150

TSI-6 - Changes in Long-Term Bonded Debt For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	BOND ISSUED					
	Series 2017 Refunding Series			Series 2018		Totals
Interest rates	2	.00% - 4.00%	3	3.00% - 4.00%		
Dates interest payable	ı	Eebruary 15/ August 15		February 15/ August 15		
Maturity Dates		August 15, 2019/2029		August 15, 2020/2029		
Bonds outstanding beginning of year	\$	4,420,000	\$	3,125,000	\$	7,545,000
Bonds sold during year		-		-		-
Retirements, principal	_	605,000	_	135,000	_	740,000
Bonds outstanding end of current year	\$_	3,815,000	\$_	2,990,000	\$	6,805,000
Interest paid during current year	\$_	170,750	\$_	119,275	\$	290,025

Paying agents name and address:

Series 2017 Refunding - The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas Series 2018 - The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas



TSI-7a - Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - General Fund For the Five Years Ended December 31,

						AMOUNTS			
		2023		2022		2021		2020	2019
Revenues:		_							
Property taxes	\$	290,479	\$	204,588	\$	185,079	\$	161,345	\$ 154,509
Water service		408,712		374,127		312,150		324,122	300,612
Sewer service		364,898		339,770		298,595		302,704	280,557
Standby fees		695		5,043		3,991		33,165	37,260
Tap connection and									
inspection fees		84,850		190,900		127,360		144,285	85,450
Investment income		37,513		9,142		286		1,418	2,321
Miscellaneous			_		_	<u>675</u>	_	538	 4,101
Total revenues		1,187,147		1,123,570	_	928,136	_	967,577	 864,810
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Purchased services		263,961		203,648		188,456		200,697	208,095
Professional fees		32,421		28,638		24,206		19,806	6,518
Contracted services		92,314		97,191		86,076		91,352	105,504
Utilities		30,037		29,151		25,967		23,828	25,937
Repairs and maintenance		575,831		657,221		522,381		409,973	373,306
Administrative		77,652		37,865		32,155		31,396	29,709
Capital outlay		120,926		-		77,951		-	-
Debt Service:									
Principal		5,252		-		-		-	-
Interest and fiscal charges		748				-			
Total expenditures		1,199,142		1,053,714	_	957,192		777,052	 749,069
Excess (deficiency) of									
revenues over	.						_		
expenditures	\$(<u>11,995</u>)	\$	<u>69,856</u>	\$(_	<u>29,056</u>)	\$	<u> 190,525</u>	\$ <u>115,741</u>

PERCENTAGES

		PERCENTAGES		
2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
24.5%	18.2%	20.0%	16.7%	17.9%
34.4%	33.3%	33.6%	33.5%	34.8%
30.7%	30.2%	32.2%	31.3%	32.4%
0.1%	0.5%	0.4%	3.4%	4.3%
7.1%	17.0%	13.7%	14.9%	9.9%
3.2%	0.8%	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%
0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.5%
100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
22.2%	18.1%	20.3%	20.7%	24.1%
2.7%	2.5%	2.6%	2.0%	0.8%
7.8%	8.7%	9.3%	9.4%	12.2%
2.5%	2.6%	2.8%	2.5%	3.0%
48.5%	58.5%	56.3%	42.4%	43.0%
6.5%	3.4%	3.5%	3.2%	3.4%
10.2%	0.0%	8.4%	0.0%	0.0%
0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
100.9%	93.8%	103.2%	80.2%	86.5%
(0.9%)	6.2%	(3.2%)	19.8%	13.5%

TSI-7b - Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Debt Service Fund For the Five Years Ended December 31,

	AMOUNTS									
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019
Revenues: Property taxes	\$	1,113,607	\$_	1,051,271	\$	1,048,631	\$_	958,665	\$_	883,749
Total revenues		1,113,607	_	1,051,271		1,048,631		958,665	_	883,749
Expenditures: Current:										
Contracted services		8,271		7,935		7,743		7,424		5,056
Administrative Debt Service:		1,500		3,500		3,670		5,268		3,500
Principal		740,000		710,000		685,000		655,000		520,000
Interest and fiscal charges		293,525	_	312,825		333,375		353,025	_	318,466
Total expenditures		1,043,296	_	1,034,260		1,029,788		1,020,717	_	847,022
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
expenditures	\$	70,311	\$_	<u> 17,011</u>	\$	18,843	\$(<u>62,052</u>)	\$ ₋	36,727

PERCENTAGES

	2023	 2022	 2021		2020	 2019
\$	100.0%	\$ 100.0%	\$ 100.0%	\$	100.0%	\$ 100.0%
_	100.0%	 100.0%	 100.0%		100.0%	 100.0%
	0.7% 0.1%	0.8% 0.3%	0.7% 0.4%		0.8% 0.6%	0.6% 0.4%
	66.5% 26.4%	67.5% 29.8%	 65.3% 31.8%		68.3% 36.8%	 58.8% 36.0%
	93.7%	 98.4%	 98.2%		106.5%	 95.8%
	6.3%	1.6%	1.8%	(6.5%)	4.2%

TSI-8 - Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants December 31, 2023

Complete District Mailing Address: PO Box 265

West Columbia, Texas 77486

District Business Telephone Number: (979) 345-6008

Submission Date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054): 03-07-2024

Limit on Fees of Office that a Director may receive during a fiscal year: \$7,200

Name & Addresses	Term of Office (Elected or Appointed) or Date Hired	Fees 12-31-23	Expense Reimbursements Title at 12-31-23 Year End	Resident of District?
Board Members:				
Jim Stubbs 242 Canterbury Drive West Columbia, TX 77486	10/23-present	\$ 442	- Director	Yes
Keith Baker 9 Canterbury Lane West Columbia, TX 77486	02/22-present	1,726	- Vice President	Yes
Allan Sassin 14 Evergreen Lane West Columbia, TX 77486	01/13-present	9,099	- President	Yes
Becky Carroll 235 South Amherst Drive West Columbia, TX 77486	10/13-present	1,794	Secretary/ - Treasurer	Yes
Ray Sauer 2133 Riverside West Columbia, TX 77486	10/16-09/23	11,173		Yes
Randall Weeks 261 Crestview Dr. West Columbia, TX 77486	09/20-present	1,915	- Director	Yes

TSI-8 - Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants - Continued December 31, 2023

Name	Term of Office (Elected or Appointed) or Date Hired	_	Fees 12-31-23	R -	Expense Reimbursements 12-31-23	Title at Year End	Resident of District?
Consultants:							
KM&L, LLC	02/09	\$	13,500	\$	Д	auditor	No
Baker & Lawson, Inc.	08/02		10,218		- E	Ingineers	No
Debra Lanehart	02/07		92,086		- A	dministrator	Yes
Brazoria County Appraisal District			8,271		- Т	ax Appraisers	No
Bracewell Law, LLP	02/12		14,729		- A	attorney	No
Ryder & Co.	12/03		552,571		- C	perator	No

